Short communication

The first report of Aulacidea acroptilonica and Isocolus cirsii (Hym.: Cynipidae) from Iran

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چکیده

دو گونـــه از زنبورهـــای خــانوادهی Cynipidae شـــامل Aulacidea محسوب می شوند. گیاهان میزبان، Isocolus cirsii Diakontshuk از ارومیه جمع آوری شد که گزارش جدید برای فون ایران محسوب می شوند. گیاهان میزبان، تعدادی از ویژگی های مهم شکل شناسی و زیستشناسی این زنبورها ارائه شده است.

During the study on cynipid wasps associated with herbaceous plants in West Azerbaijan, two species were collected and identified. For this purpose, matured seed heads of *Acroptilon repens* (L.) and *Cirsium arvense* (L.) (Asteraceae) were collected in mid-March 2005 and kept in laboratory conditions in the glass boxes covered by muslin. In late May, two species of Cynipidae, *Aulacidea acroptilonica* Tyurebaev and *Isocolus cirsii* Diakontshuk, emerged from the seed heads of *A. repens* and *C. arvense*, respectively. These species are newly recorded from Iran. Specimens were deposited in the Systematic Parasitoid Laboratory, Köszeg, Hungary and Natural History Museum of Urmia University. Diagnostic characters and biological information of these species are as follows:

- Aulacidea acroptilonica Tyurebaev

POL 2.0 times as long as OOL; F2 nearly 2.0 times as long as F1; the median mesoscutal line is very narrow, indistinct, reach to half length of scutum; scutellum is more elongated, scutellar foveae strongly elongated, longer than broad, with smooth, shining bottom, anteromedially reach one another; dorsellum medially 3.0-4.0 times as high as height of ventral impressed area; metasomal tergite II with a posterior band of punctures, occupying its half length; male antenna 13-segmented. This species most closely resembles *Aulacidea ascanica* Diakontshuk.

Middle Asian and Iranian populations of *A. acroptilonica* differ by much lighter flagellomeres, legs and light brown metasoma. Specimens collected in southern part of Ukraine characterized by dark brown F1-F2, F1 and proximal flagellomeres usually slightly

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longer. Earlier this species was known from south of Ukraine, European part of Russia,

Kazakhstan, Kirgistan, Turkmenistan, Tadzhikistan, Uzbekistan (Zerova et al., 1988; Kovalev

& Diakontshuk 1986). Only the sexual generation is known; monovoltine. Eggs are laid into

Acroptilon stem and young sprouts: a stem swelling already visible in a few days after

ovipositing. Part of adults emerges at the beginning of summer. Majority of larvae overwinter

in the gall and pupate in March-April. Adults emerge by the end of April in Middle Asia and

beginning of May in Kazakhstan and Ukraine (Zerova et al., 1988). The only known host

plant is A. repens, however, it is quite likely that galls can be induced on a closely related

species, A. australe Iljin. (Kovalev & Diakontshuk 1986).

- Isocolus cirsii Diakontshuk

This species belongs to a group of *Isocolus* species with metasomal tergite II posteriorly

densely punctuates. Internotauli area and parapsides in the posterior 2/3 with strong, raised

shining striae, interspaces are finely coriaceous, 2.0 or more times longer than the width of

striae; the areolet in the forewing is absent or very indistinct; the metapleural sulcus reaching

mesopleuron in the upper 1/3 of its height, never lower. Earlier the galls were only found in

flower heads of Cirsium ukrainicum (Diakontshuk, 1987). Only the sexual generation is

known; monovoltine. Adults emerge from late April until June-August (Diakontshuk 1987,

Zerova, et al., 1988).

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